

ALL THE WORDS YOU NEED FOR EURO 2016



Euro?

Championship (n): a high-level competition to decide who is the best, especially in a sport.

Tournament (n): a competition involving many competitors in a single sport or game

Qualifying phase (n): the process that a national association football team goes through to qualify for the Euro Cup Finals.

Group Stage (n): the first stage of EuroCup, where the 24 teams are placed into six groups of four teams each. In the Group Phase, games may end in a draw.

Knockout phase (n): a single-elimination round in which teams play each other, and there are no draws; extra time and penalty kicks are used to decide the winner.

POT 1	POT 2	POT 3	POT 4
France*	Italy	Czech Republic	Turkey
Spain	Russia	Sweden	Republic of Ireland
Germany	Switzerland	Poland	Iceland
England	Austria	Romania	Wales
Portugal	Croatia	Slovakia	Albania
Belgium	Ukraine	Hungary	Northern Ireland

Eg:

- There are 24 teams that made to the **group stage**.
- Soccer fans can't wait to see who is going to win the **final** round of Euro 2016 this year.

Round of sixteen (n) the beginning of Knockout phase, in which the winner of each Group plays against the runner-up from another group

Quarterfinals (n): any of the four games in a competition that decides which players or teams will play in the two semifinals

Semi-finals (n): the game or set of games before the final game in a competition

Final (n): the last in a series of games, races, or competitions

Group of Death (n): a group which is unusually competitive, because the number of strong competitors in the group is greater than the number of qualifying places available for the next phase of the tournament.

What Are Those?

a soccer ball (n): a solid or hollow sphere or avoid, that is kicked or thrown in a soccer game.

Linesman's Flag (n): a piece of cloth or similar material, that is used by linesmen/assistant referees as signals to communicate with official referee.

Referee Wallet (n): a pocket-sized, flat, folding holder for a yellow card and a red card.

Yellow Card (n): a yellow card shown by the referee to a player being cautioned.

Red Card (n): a red card shown by the referee to a player who is being ejected from the game

Whistle (n): a device that produces a whistle by the forced passage of air through a slit in a small tube, especially for giving a signal.

Cup (n): an ornamental trophy in the form of a cup, usually made of gold or silver, awarded as a prize in a contest.



Eg:

- Cristiano Ronaldo was injured since he forgot to wear his **shin guards**.
- The referee blew his **whistle** to give a signal to the **assistant referee**.
- Ben is kicking his new **soccer ball**.

Jersey (n): a distinctive shirt worn by a player or competitor in certain sports.

Shorts (n): short pants that reach only to the thighs or knees.

Cleats (n): athletic shoes with a cleated sole, typically used when playing soccer.

Shin guard (n): a pad worn to protect the shins when playing soccer, hockey, and other sports.

Socks (n): a garment for the foot and lower part of the leg, typically knitted from wool, cotton, or nylon.

Scoreboard (n): a large board or screen, sometimes electronic, on which the score of a game is shown

Who Are They?

Referee (n): a person who controls a game and makes sure the rules are followed.

Assistant referee (n): in football, one of the two officials who help the referee to make decisions during a game

Coach (n): a person who is responsible for managing and training a person or a team.

Spectator (n): a person who watches an activity, especially a sports event, without taking part.

Commentator (n): a person on radio or television who describes and discusses news events, sports, books, or other subjects



a team (n): a number of people who act together as a group, either in a sport or in order to achieve something.

Soccer player (n): a person taking part in a soccer game.

Substitute (n): in sports, a player who is used for part of a game instead of another player.

Forward (n): a player whose position is nearer the opposing team's goal in team sports such as basketball, soccer, and hockey

Midfielder (n): a player active in the midfield, as in soccer, often playing both offensively and defensively.

Defender (n): someone on a team who tries to prevent the other team from scoring points

Goalkeeper (n): the player whose responsibility is to prevent the other team from scoring.

Goalie (n): An informal way of saying "goalkeeper".



Eg:

- The **coach** is yelling at Dimitri for not paying attention.
- Every **soccer player** in the **team** was celebrating their victory.

Where Are They?

Stadium (n): a large structure consisting of many rows of seats surrounding an area of land on which sports are played and where sometimes other public events happen.

Field/ Pitch (n): an area of open land, where sports events are played, typically bounded by hedges or fences.

Stand/ Bleacher (n): the place where spectators sit in a stadium.

Locker room (n): a room containing lockers for the storage of personal belongings, especially in schools or gymnasiums.

Goal post (n): one of the two vertical posts, often painted white, that are connected with a crossbar to form a goal.



End Line (n): the line that marks the back of the end zone.

Penalty Area (n) the rectangular area marked out in front of each goal.

Penalty Spot (n): the point within the penalty area from which penalty kicks are taken.

Centre Line (n): a line that divides 2 sides of the field equally.

Centre Mark (n): where the ball is placed from starting of the game.

Goal Area (n): a rectangular area in front of the goal from within which goal kicks must be taken.

Corner Arc (n): where a corner kicks are taken.

Touchline (n) the boundary line on each side of the field, as known as side line.

Crossbar (n): a horizontal bar, either the part that forms the top of a goal/

Eg:

- The **spectators** on the **stand** went crazy when the ball hit the **cross bar**.

How Does It Work?

Foul (n): an act that is against the rules of a sport, a punishment causing injury to another player, or a punishment given to a player for breaking the rules.

Penalty (n): a method of restarting play in association football, taken from 11 meters (approximately 12 yards) out from the goal, on the penalty mark.

Handball (n): in soccer, the act of touching the ball with your hand or arm.

Offside(n): in a position, that is not allowed by the game, often in front of the ball.



Fair play (n): respect for the rules or equal treatment of all concerned.

Coin toss (n): at the beginning of the match, the referee flips or tosses a coin to decide which team can kick off.

Half-Time (n): a short break or interval between two halves of a match.

Injury time (n): the time after the main 90 minutes which the referee decides to make up for the lost time due to injury or other reasons

extra time (n): The two 15-minute halves that is used to decide the winner of a game if both teams are still tied at the end of the main halves.

Eg:

- It is 10 minutes until **half-time**.
- The referee pulled out the red card since it was a **foul**.

What Are They Doing?

to kick/ to shoot(v): strike or propel forcibly with the foot.

to throw (v): propel (something) with force through the air by a movement of the arm and hand.

to pass (v): move or cause to move in a specified direction.

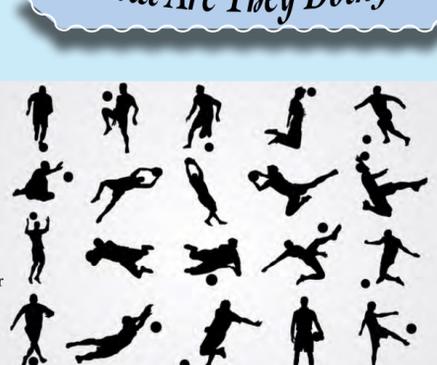
to dribble (v): forward past opponents with slight touches of the feet or the stick, or continuous bouncing.

to tackle (v): the act of taking the ball away from a player by kicking or stopping it with one's feet.

to head the ball (v): to hit the ball with your head.

to save a goal (v): to get the ball before it went into the goal net.

to score a goal (v): gain a point in a competitive game.



Eg:

- Koke **headed** the ball and scored the last goal, which made Spain the **winning** team .
- It was a **draw** between Spain and France.

corner kick (n): a place kick taken by the attacking side from a corner of the field after the ball has been sent over the end line outside the goal by a defender

free kick (n): an unimpeded kick of the stationary ball awarded to one side as a penalty for a foul or infringement by the other side.

penalty kick (n) a free kick at the goal from the penalty spot.

a draw (n) when both teams have the same score.

header (n): the act of hitting the ball with your head to defeat football

to win (v): to defeat a competitor, or to achieve first position or get a prize in a competition

to lose (v): to fail to succeed in a game or competition